

Date of Issue: 01/11/2006 Revision: 10/02/2016

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF TH	HE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
1.1 Product identifiers	READY TO USE SBK BRUSHWOOD KILLER
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the subs	tance or mixture and uses advised against
	Plant Protection Product
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety	data sheet
	Vitax Limited, Owen Street, Coalville, Leicestershire LE67 3DE
	Tel: +44 (0) 1530 510060 Fax: +44 (0) 1530 510299
1.4. Emergency telephone number	Tel: +44 (0) 1530 510060 Mon - Fri 9am - 5pm
SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICAT	ΓΙΟΝ
2.1 Classification of the substance or n	nixture
Classification according to Regulation (E	EU) 1272/2008:
	None
2.2 Label elements	
Labelling according to Regulation (EC) I	No 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]:
Hazard pictograms	None
Signal word:	None
Hazard statements	None
Precautionary statements	P102 Keep out of reach of children.
·	P501 Dispose of contents/container to a household waste recycling centre as
	hazardous waste except for empty containers which can be disposed of in the
	dustbin.
Supplementary labelling	EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with th
	instructions for use.
	SP1 Do not contaminate water with the product or its container.
2.3 Other hazards	no data available

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixture

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Component	CASRN / EC-No	Index-No./REACH	Classification:	Concentration
		Registration Number		
Triclopyr Triethylamine	57213-69-1/		Flam. Liq 3 - H226	>0.1 C <0.5%
Salt	260-625-1		Eye Irrit 2 - H319	
			STOT SE - 3 - H335	
triethylamine	121-44-8/	612-004-00-5/	Flam. Liq 2 - H225	< 0.15%
	204-469-4	01-2119475467-26	Acute Tox 4 - H302	
			Acute Tox 3 - H331	
			Acute Tox 3 - H311	
			Skin Corr 1A - H314	
			STOT SE - 3 - H335	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES 4 1 Description of first aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures	
General advice:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection. If potential for
	exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.
Inhalation:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration.
Skin contact:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water. Get
	medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.
Eye contact:	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
	and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or
	persist.
Ingestion:	Call a poison control centre or doctor if unwell. Have person sip a glass of water
	if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison
	control centre or doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects	, both acute and delayed:
	Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above)
	and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
	(below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section
	11: Toxicology Information.



4.3 Indication of any immediate medical at	tention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician:	May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the produc container or label with you when calling a poison control centre or doctor, or going for treatment.
ECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES	
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media:	To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide dry chemical or foam. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF type) or protein foams are preferred if available. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) may function.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	no data available
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substa	ance or mixture
Hazardous combustion products:	Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: 5.3 Advice for firefighters	This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.
Fire Fighting Procedures:	Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Eliminate ignition sources. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.
Special protective equipment for firefighters:	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contain is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self- contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

	Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area.	
	Ventilate area of leak or spill. No smoking in area. Keep out of sewers. Refer to	
	section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety	
	equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and	
	Personal Protection.	
6.2 Environmental precautions:	Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater.	
_	See Section 12, Ecological Information.	
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:		
	Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as:	
	Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labelled containers.	
	Large spills: Contact Vitax Ltd for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal	
	Considerations, for additional information.	
6.4 Reference to other sections:	References to other sections, if applicable, have been provided in the previous sub-sections.	

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. No smoking, open flames or sources of ignition in handling and storage area.



7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a dry place. Store in original container	. Keep container tightly closed
when not in use. Do not store near food, foodst	uffs, drugs or potable water
supplies.	
Refer to product label.	

7.3 Specific end use(s):

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
Triclopyr Triethylamine Salt	Dow IHG	TWA	2 mg/m^3
triethylamine	ACGIH	TWA	1 ppm, Absorbed via skin
	ACGIH	STEL	3 ppm Absorbed via skin
	2000/39/EC	TWA	8.4 mg/m ³ 2 ppm, Absorbed via
			skin
	2000/39/EC	STEL	12.6 mg/m ³ 3 ppm, Absorbed
			via skin
	GB EH40	TWA	8 mg/m ³ 2 ppm, Absorbed via
			skin
	GB EH40	STEL	17 mg/m ³ 4 ppm, Absorbed via
			skin

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

8.2 Exposure controls	Engineering controls: Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.
Individual protection measures	
Eye/face protection:	Use chemical goggles. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.
Hand protection:	 Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes
	according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove
Other protection:	supplier. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as faceshield, boots, apron, or full-body suit will depend on the task.
Respiratory protection:	Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.



Date of Issue: 01/11/2006 Revision: 10/02/2016

Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2. See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

Environmental exposure controls

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Pale yellow
Odor	Not applicable
Odor Threshold	No test data available
рН	8 (1% aqueous suspension) CIPAC MT 75
Melting point/range	Not applicable
Freezing point	No test data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	No test data available
Flash point closed cup	No test data available
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acet	ate = 1)
	No test data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No Flammability (contact with water)
Lower explosion limit	No test data available
Upper explosion limit	No test data available
Vapor Pressure	Not applicable
Relative Vapor Density (air =	1) Not applicable
Relative Density (water $= 1$)	1.004 at 22 °C / 4 °C EC Method A3
Water solubility	Soluble
Partition coefficient: noctanol	/water
	no data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No test data available
Decomposition temperature	No test data available
Dynamic Viscosity	No test data available
Kinematic Viscosity	2 No test data available
Explosive properties	Not explosive EEC A14
Oxidizing properties	No test data available
formation	

9.2 Other information

Liquid Density 1.004 g/cm³ at 22 °C Pyknometer

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIV	/ITY
10.1 Reactivity:	no data available
10.2 Chemical stability:	Thermally stable at recommended temperatures and pressures.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Polymerization will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid:	Some components of this product can decompose at elevated temperatures.
10.5 Incompatible materials:	Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:	Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of
	other materials.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available. **11.1 Information on toxicological effects** Acute toxicity Acute oral toxicity Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. As product (by calculation): LD50, rat, >4000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined. For similar material(s): LD50, rabbit, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg Prolonged excessive exposure may cause adverse effects. Excessive exposure may Acute inhalation toxicity cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. In humans, symptoms may include: Headache.



Date of Issue: 01/11/2006 Revision: 10/02/2016

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SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Material is not harmful to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 > 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species). By calculation LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), semi-static test, 96 Hour, > 500 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 250 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent
EbC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, >112.5 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent
For similar active ingredient(s). Triclopyr. Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.
Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Material is inherently biodegradable (reaches > 20% biodegradation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability). 10-day Window: Pass Biodegradation: 96 % Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A or Equivalent 10-day Window: Not applicable Biodegradation: 25 - 34 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 302C or Equivalent



Date of Issue: 01/11/2006 Revision: 10/02/2016

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
Triclopyr Triethylamine Salt	
Bioaccumulation:	For similar active ingredient(s). Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF <100 or Log Pow < 3).
triethylamine	-
Bioaccumulation:	Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water(log	g Pow):1.45 Measured
Bioconcentration factor (BCF):	< 4.9 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 42 d Measured
12.4 Mobility in soil	
Triclopyr Triethylamine Salt	
For similar active ingredient(s).	Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
triethylamine	Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
	Partition coefficient(Koc): 11 - 146 Estimated.
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	nent
Triclopyr Triethylamine Salt	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic
	(PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very
	bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Trimethylamine	This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic
	(PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very
	bioaccumulating (vPvB).
12.6 Other adverse effects	
Triclopyr Triethylamine Salt	This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substance
	that deplete the ozone layer.
Trimethylamine	This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substanc
	that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws. The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport	(ADR/RID):
14.1 UN number	Not applicable
14.2 Proper shipping name	Not regulated for transport
14.3 Class	Not applicable
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable
14.5 Environmental hazards	Not considered environmentally hazardous based on available data.
14.6 Special precautions for user	No data available.
Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):	
14.1 UN number	Not applicable
14.2 Proper shipping name	Not regulated for transport
14.3 Class	Not applicable
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable
14.5 Environmental hazards	Not considered as marine pollutant based on available data.
14.6 Special precautions for user	No data available.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code	
	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk
Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICA	.O):
14.1 UN number	Not applicable
14.2 Proper shipping name	Not regulated for transport
14.3 Class	Not applicable
14.4 Packing group	Not applicable



Date of Issue: 01/11/2006 Revision: 10/02/2016

Not applicable		
No data available.		
ey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this		
nay vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations		
system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service		
the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relatin		
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION		
I regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
This product contains only components that have been either pre-registered,		
registered, are exempt from registration or are regarded as registered according to		
Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).		
The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in		
good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above.		
However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's		
responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this		
product is correct.		
For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions lai		
down on the product label.		
NT		
N MSDS re-formatted in-line with regulation 453/2010 all sections affected.		
Replaces MSDS dated 03/09/2014		
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.		
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.		
H302 Harmful if swallowed.		
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.		
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.		
H317 Causes serious eye inflation. H331 Toxic if inhaled.		
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.		
11999 May cause respiratory initiation.		
Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative		
occupational exposure limit values		
Absorbed via skin		
ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		
Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline		
EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits		
Short-term exposure limit		
8-hour, time-weighted average		
This (M)SDS should be studied carefully and appropriate expertise consulted as		
necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained i		
this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein		
is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date		
shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory		
requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It i		
the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all		
federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains		
only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not		
under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine		
the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation		
of sources for information such as manufacturer specific (M)SDSs. we are not an		
of sources for information such as manufacturer specific (M)SDSs, we are not an cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than		
cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than		